What is claimed is:

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- 1. A centripetally-motivated microsystems platform comprising:
 - a) a rotatable platform comprising a substrate having a surface comprising a multiplicity of microfluidics structures embedded in the surface of the platform, wherein each microfluidics structure comprises
 - i) one or a plurality of aliquotted reagent reservoirs,
 - ii) one or a plurality of sample reservoirs,
- iii) one or a plurality of detection reservoirs wherein each of said sample reservoir and aliquotted reagent reservoir is fluidly connected to at least one of the plurality of detection reservoirs through a microchannel, and wherein the platform further comprises
 - b) one or a plurality of bulk reagent reservoirs,
 - c) a reagent overflow reservoir and
 - d) a reagent aliquotting manifold comprising a microchannel positioned radially across the surface of the platform,

wherein the aliquotting manifold is fluidly connected to each of the plurality of aliquotted reagent reservoirs and the manifold is further fluidly connected to the overflow reservoir, and wherein fluid within the microchannels of the platform is moved through said microchannels by centripetal force arising from rotational motion of the platform for a time and a rotational velocity sufficient to move the fluid through the microchannels.

- 2. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein each sample reservoir further comprises a sample input port.
 - 3. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein each bulk reagent reservoir further comprises a reagent input port.
 - 4. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein the detection reservoirs are optically transparent.

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- 5. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein each sample reservoir has a volumetric capacity of from about 1nL to about $500\mu L$.
- 6. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein each reagent reservoir has a volumetric capacity of from about 1nL to about 500μL.
 - 7. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein each detection reservoir has a volumetric capacity of from about 2nL to about 1000 µL.
- 10 8. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein the microsystem platform further comprises a mixing microchannel, wherein each mixing microchannel is fluidly connected to a sample reservoir and one or a plurality of aliquotted reagent reservoirs by a microchannel, wherein the mixing microchannel defines a longitudinal path in the surface of the platform having a length sufficient to mix the sample solution and the reagent solutions to a homogenous mixture.
 - 9. A microsystem platform of claim 8 wherein each mixing microchannel comprises a plurality of bends having angles greater than 90°.
 - 10. A microsystem platform of claim 1 comprising from about 24 to about 10,000 microfluidics structures.
 - 11. A microsystem platform of claim 1 wherein rotation of the platform motivates fluid through each of the microfluidics structures at a flow rate wherein the time the fluid is in the mixing microchannel is substantially the same in each of the microfluidics structures on the platform.
 - 12. A microsystem platform of claim 11 wherein the flow rate of fluid through each of the microfluidics structures is from about 1nL/s to about $100\mu L/s$.
 - 13. A microsystem platform of claim 11 wherein the flow rate of fluid through each of the microfluidics structure is from about 0.1 nL/s to about $500 \mu L/s$.
 - 14. A microsystem platform of claim 1 that is a circular disk.

- 15. The microsystem platform of Claim 1, wherein the microsystem platform is constructed of a material selected from the group consisting of an organic material, an inorganic material, a crystalline material and an amorphous material.
- 16. The microsystem platform of Claim 15, wherein the microsystem platform further comprises a material selected from the group consisting of silicon, silica, quartz, a ceramic, a metal or a plastic.
- 17. The microsystem platform of Claim 14, wherein the microsystem platform is a circular disk having a radius of about 1 to about 25cm.
 - 18. The microsystem platform of Claim 1, wherein the microsystem platform has a thickness of about 0.1 to 100mm, and wherein the cross-sectional dimension of the microchannels embedded therein is less than 1mm and from 1 to 90 percent of said cross-sectional dimension of the platform.
- 19. The microsystem platform of Claim 1, wherein the microsystem platform further comprises a multiplicity of air channels, exhaust air ports and air displacement channels.
- 20. The microsystem platform of Claim 1, comprising a first layer and a second layer, wherein the first layer comprises sample reservoirs, bulk reagent reservoirs, aliquotted reagent reservoirs, reagent aliquotting manifold and detection reservoirs, and the second layer comprises microchannels and mixing microchannels, wherein the sample reservoirs, bulk reagent reservoirs, aliquotted reagent reservoirs, reagent aliquotting manifold and detection reservoirs in the first layer are fluidly connected by the microchannels and mixing microchannels in the second layer when the first layer is in contact with the second layer.
- 22. The microsystem platform of claim1, wherein the reagent aliquotting manifold is fluidly connected to each of the alliquotted reagent reservoirs by a microchannel having a capillary junction between the microchannel and the aliquotted reagent reservoir, and wherein the capillary junction is further connected

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to an air displacement channel connected to an air vent open to a surface of the platform.

- 23. The microsystems platform of claim 22, wherein the reagent aliquotting manifold is further fluidly connected to an overflow reservoir comprising a capillary junction, wherein rotation of the platform at a speed sufficient to overcome said capillary junction and achieve fluid flow into the overflow reservoir produces a bubble of air at the capillary junction between the microchannel connecting the reagent aliquotting manifold and the aliquotted reagent reservoir, thereby preventing fluid flow into said aliquotted reagent reservoir.
 - 24. The microsystem platform of claim 2 comprising a plurality of sample reservoirs each having a sample input port, wherein the plurality of sample input ports are arranged on the surface of the platform to be adapted to the conformation of a robotic or automated pipettor.
 - 25. A centripetally-motivated fluid micromanipulation apparatus that is a combination of

a microsystem platform according to claim 1, and
a micromanipulation device, comprising a base, a rotating means, a
power supply and user interface and operations controlling means, wherein the
rotating means is operatively linked to the microsystem platform and in rotational
contact therewith

wherein a volume of a fluid within the microchannels of the platform is moved through said microchannels by centripetal force arising from rotational motion of the platform for a time and a rotational velocity sufficient to move the fluid through the microchannels.

26. The apparatus of Claim 25, wherein the rotating means of the device is a motor.

- 27. The apparatus of Claim 25, wherein the device comprises a rotational motion controlling means for controlling the rotational acceleration and velocity of the microsystem platform.
- 28. An apparatus of Claim 25 wherein the micromanipulation apparatus further comprises an optical detector that measures absorbance, fluorescence, epifluorescence or chemoluminescence.
- 29. An apparatus of Claim 25 wherein the micromanipulation apparatus further comprises a scanning, imaging, or confocal microscopy detector.
 - 30. An apparatus of Claim 25 wherein the micromanipulation apparatus further comprises a radiometric detector.
 - 31. An apparatus of claim 25, 26, 27 or 28, wherein the detector is brought into alignment with the collection chamber on the platform by rotational motion of the microsystem platform.
- 32. The apparatus of Claim 28, wherein the detector is an optical detector comprising a light source and a photodetector.
 - 33. A method for homogenously mixing a sample and one or a plurality of reagents, comprising the steps of:
 - a) applying a volume of a fluid comprising a biological sample to
 one or a plurality of sample reservoirs of a microsystem platform
 of claim 1 when the platform is stationary, wherein the biological
 sample applied to each sample reservoir is the same or different;
 - applying a volume of a solution comprising a reagent to a bulk reagent reservoir of a microsystem platform of claim 1 when the platform is stationary;
 - c) rotating the platform at a first rotational speed sufficient to motivate fluid flow from the bulk reagent reservoir into the reagent aliquotting manifold of a microsystem platform of claim 1

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- and delivering an amount of reagent into each of a plurality of aliquotted reagent reservoirs
- d) rotating the platform at a second rotational speed sufficient to motivate fluid flow from each sample reservoir and one or a plurality of reagent reservoirs into a mixing microchannel, wherein the platform is rotated for a time sufficient for the sample volume and reagent volume to traverse the mixing microchannel and be homogeneously mixed;
- e) delivering the mixture of the homogeneous mixture of the sample volume and reagent volume to a detection reservoir; and
- detecting the homogenous mixture or reaction product produced therein.
- 34. A method according to claim 33, wherein a component of the biological sample reacts with one or a plurality of reagents in the homogeneous mixture.
 - 35. A method according to claim 34, wherein a component of the biological sample reacts with one or a plurality of reagents in the homogeneous mixture to form a reaction product, and the reaction product is detected.
 - 36. A method according to claim 33, wherein the biological sample comprises an enzymatic species.
 - 37. A method for performing a biological or biochemical reaction, comprising the steps of:
 - a) applying a volume of a fluid comprising a biological sample to one or a plurality of sample reservoirs of a microsystem platform of claim 1 when the platform is stationary, wherein the biological sample applied to each sample reservoir is the same or different and wherein the biological sample comprises one component of the biological or biochemical reaction;
 - b) applying a volume of a solution comprising a reagent to a bulk reagent reservoir of a microsystem platform of claim 1 when

the platform is stationary, wherein one or a plurality of reagents comprises another component of the biological or biochemical reaction;

- c) rotating the platform at a first rotational speed sufficient to motivate fluid flow from the bulk reagent reservoir into the reagent aliquotting manifold of a microsystem platform of claim 1 and delivering an amount of reagent into each of a plurality of aliquotted reagent reservoirs
- d) rotating the platform at a second rotational speed sufficient to motivate fluid flow from each sample reservoir and one or a plurality of reagent reservoirs into a mixing microchannel, wherein the platform is rotated for a time sufficient for the sample volume and reagent volume to traverse the mixing microchannel and be homogeneously mixed;
- e) delivering the mixture of the homogeneous mixture of the sample volume and reagent volume to a detection reservoir, and
- f) detecting a product of the biological or biochemical reaction.
- 20 38. A method according to claim 37, wherein the biological sample comprises an enzymatic species.
 - 39. A microsystem platform of claim 24, wherein the sample input ports are arranged in the surface of the platform in a rectangular pattern having a spacing that is adapted for an 8-tip linear or 96-tip rectangular pipetting device.
- 40. A microsystem platform of claim 39, wherein the sample input ports are arranged in the surface of the platform having a space of 9mm, 4.5mm or 2.25mm between individual entry ports.
 - 41. A microsystem platform of claim 24, wherein the sample input ports are arranged in the surface of the platform in a rectangular pattern of 8×12 , 16×24 or 32×48 elements.

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